

Percentages (%)

When we say "Percent" we are really saying "per 100"

One percent (1%) means 1 per 100.

1% of this line is shaded green: it is very small isn't it?





Examples:



100% means all.

Example:

100% of **80** is
$$\frac{100}{100} \times 80 = 80$$



Using Percent



Use the slider and try some different numbers (What is 40% of 80? What is 10% of 200? What is 90% of 10?)

Because "Percent" means "per 100" think:

"this should be divided by 100"

So **75%** really means
$$\frac{75}{100}$$

And **100%** is $\frac{100}{100}$, or exactly **1** (100% of any number is just the number, unchanged)

And **200%** is $\frac{200}{100}$, or exactly **2** (200% of any number is twice the number)

A Percent can also be expressed as a Decimal or a Fraction



A Half can be written...

As a percentage:	50%
As a decimal:	0.5
As a fraction:	¹ / ₂

Read more about this at Decimals, Fractions and Percentages.

Some Worked Examples

Example: Calculate 25% of 80

$$25\% = \frac{25}{100}$$

And
$$\frac{25}{100} \times 80 = 20$$

So 25% of 80 is 20

Example: 15% of 200 apples are bad. How many apples are bad?

$$15\% = \frac{15}{100}$$

And
$$\frac{15}{100} \times 200 = 15 \times \frac{200}{100}$$

Introduction to Percentages

= 15 × 2 = **30 apples**

30 apples are bad

Example: if only 10 of the 200 apples are bad, what percent is that?

As a fraction,
$$\frac{10}{200} = 0.05$$

As a percentage it is: $\frac{10}{200} \times 100 = 5\%$

5% of those apples are bad



Example: A Skateboard is reduced 25% in price in a sale. The old price was \$120. Find the new price.

First, find 25% of \$120:

$$25\% = \frac{25}{100}$$

And
$$\frac{25}{100} \times \$120 = \$30$$

25% of \$120 is \$30

So the **reduction** is \$30

Take the reduction from the original price

\$120 - \$30 = \$90

The Price of the Skateboard in the sale is **\$90**